

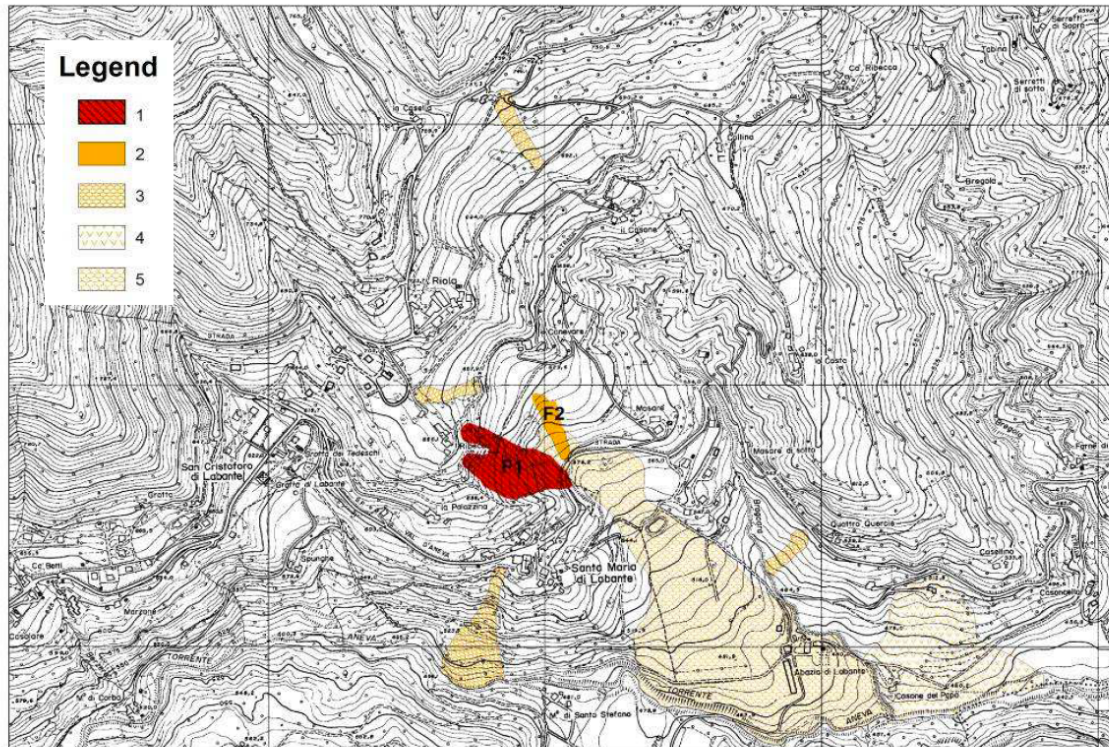


Fig. 10. Geomorphological Hazard Map of the study area. Legend: 1) Hazard class H4, very high, with mitigation works; 2) Hazard class H3, high; 3) dormant landslide body due to flow; 4) body of dormant rotational earth-slide; 5) dormant body of complex landslide; F1) Ribecco's landslide; F2) Canevare's landslide.

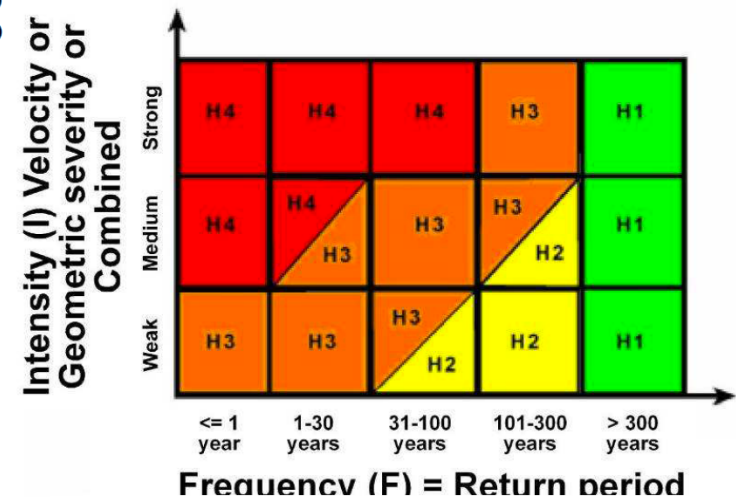


Fig. 9. Evaluation matrix for landslide hazard (from Panizza et al., 2004). H4 = very high; H3 = high; H2 = medium; H1 = residual.



Considerations on geomorphological maps for territorial planning in the Modena Apennines (Northern Italy)

D. Castaldini¹, A. Ghinai², and A. Maccaferri²

¹Department of Earth Sciences, University of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Largo S. Eufemia 19, 41121 Modena, Italy

²Professional Geologist Office, Viale Caduti in Guerra 1, 41121 Modena, Italy



Fig. 8. Quick-Bird satellite image of the case study no. 3 in the valley of the Tiepido Torrent. Copyright: Digital Globe™, 2003, Telespazio per l'Italia.

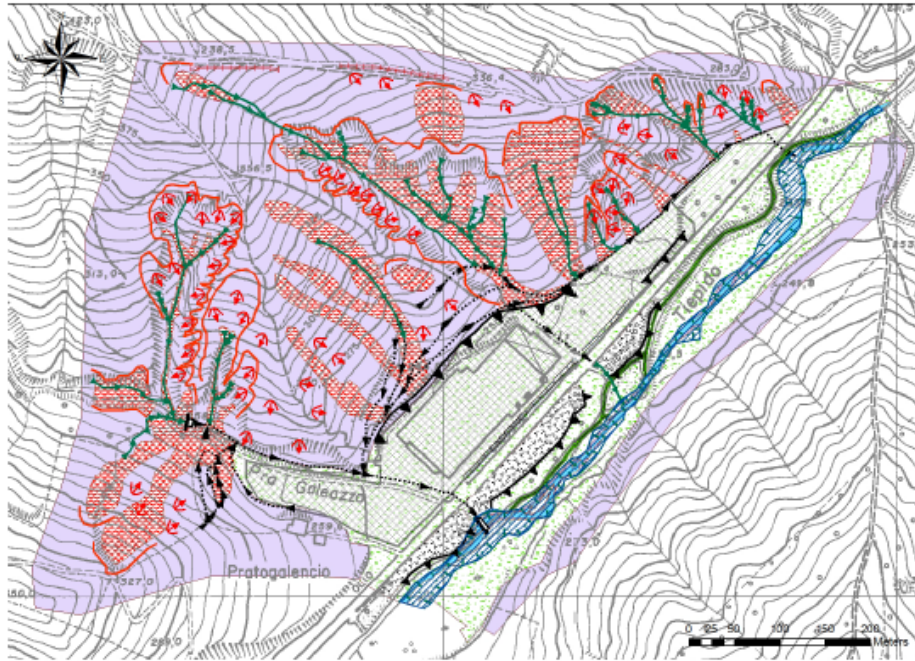


Fig. 9. Geomorphological map of the case study no. 3 in the valley of the Tiepido Torrent. For legend see Fig. 3.

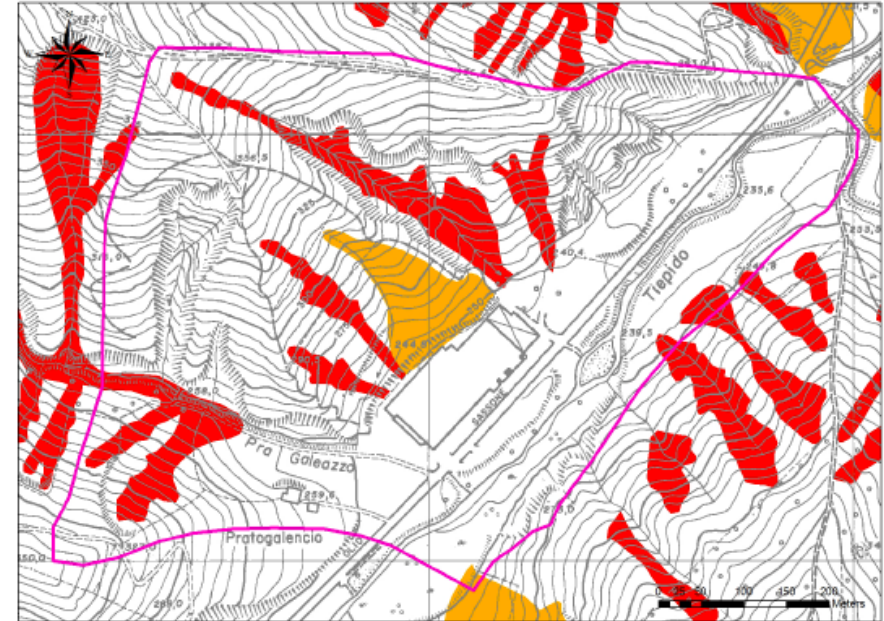


Fig. 10. PTCP Hydrogeological Hazard map of the case study no. 3 (Provincia di Modena, 2009). For legend see Table 1; purple line: boundary of the Fig. 9 Geomorphological map.

An important consideration, in relation to territorial planning, is that the PTCP Hydrogeological Hazard Maps should be used just as a “base document”, which requires more necessary detailed deepening at the municipal scale, accomplished through accurate geomorphological mapping, at least for the areas that are going to be urbanized.

RECENT MORPHOLOGICAL CHANGES OF THE RIVER PANARO (NORTHERN ITALY)

Doriano Castaldini* & Alessandro Ghinoi*

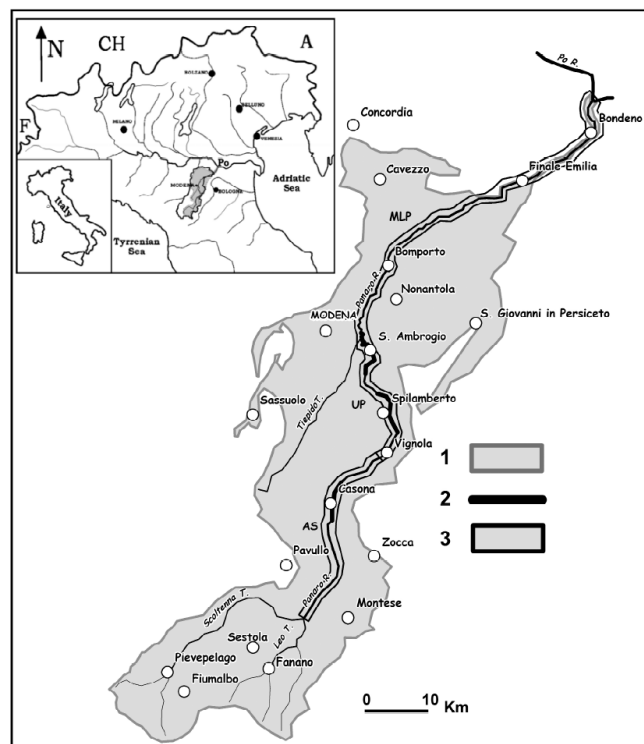
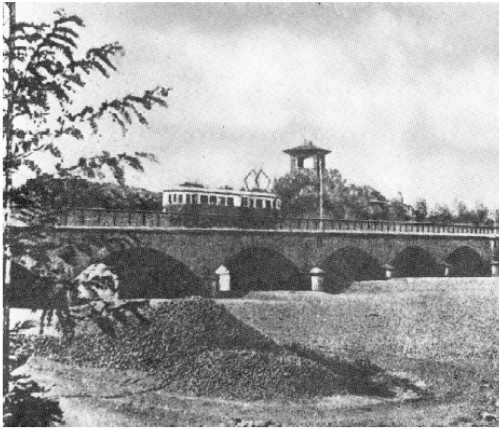
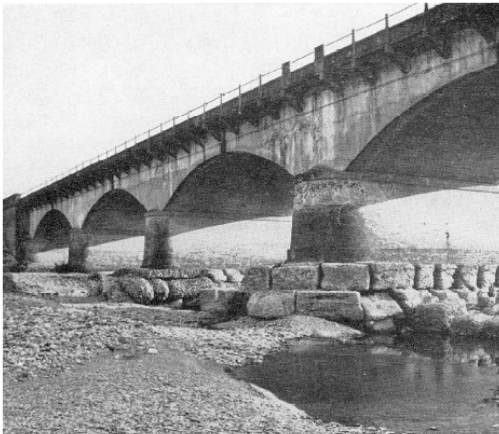


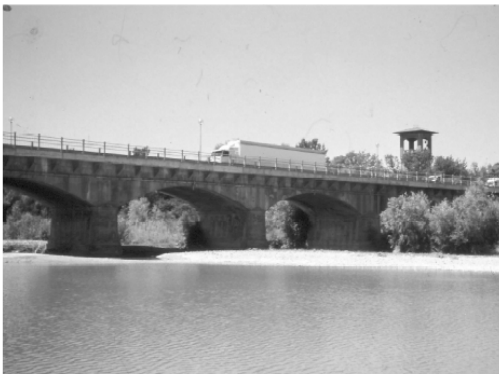
Fig. 1 - Location of the study area. Legend: 1) basin of the River Panaro; 2) stretches of the River Panaro shown as examples near Casona, Spilamberto and S. Ambrogio; 3) Sectors of the River Panaro (AS: Apennine sector; UP: upper part of the plain; MLP: mid-lower part of the plain).



A) 1930



B) 1967



C) 2004

Fig. 4 - The R. Panaro channel at the bridge of Spilamberto: A) in the 1930 circa (by PELLEGRINI M. *et al.*, 1979); B) in the 1967 (by PELLEGRINI M. & Rossi, 1967); C) in the 2004 (photo by D. Castaldini).



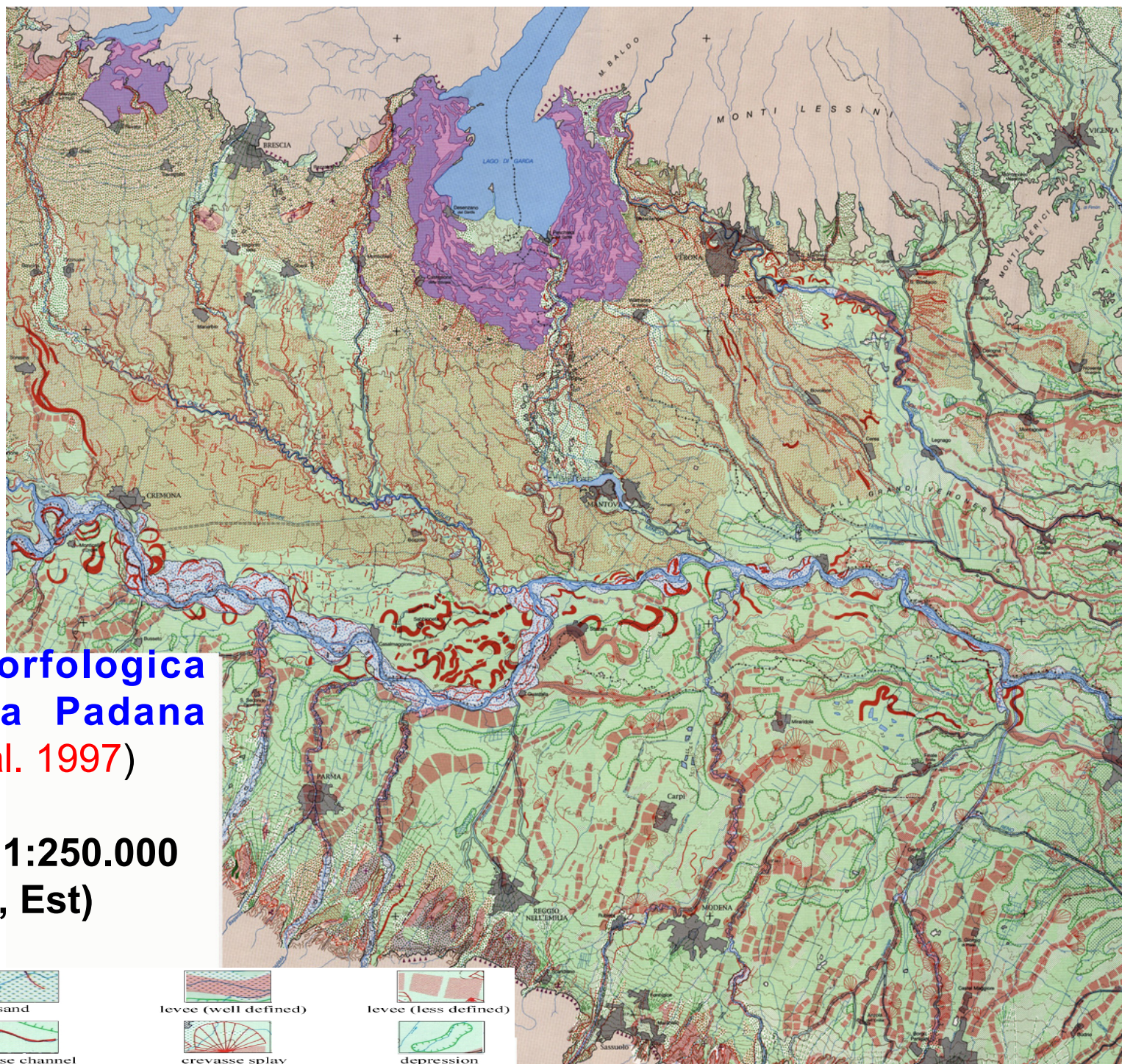
Fig. 7 - Aerial photograph of the R. Panaro near S. Ambrogio, east of Modena. It flows from the left (south) to the right (north); meander cut-offs carried out in the early 1970s are evident (photo by D. Castaldini).

Foto dall'aereo del F. Panaro presso S. Ambrogio, a est di Modena. Il fiume scorre da sinistra

Table 2 -Length reduction of the R. Panaro, following meander cut-offs, in the mid-lower sector of the plain where it flows elevated over the plain within artificial embankments.

Riduzione in lunghezza del F. Panaro in seguito ai tagli di meandro nella media-bassa pianura dove il fiume scorre pensile tra argini artificiali.

Age of cutoffs	
19 th century	7.5 km
20 th century	3 km
Total reduction	10.5 km
Present-day length	70 km
Length before cutoffs	80.5 km
Reduction (%)	13%



**Carta Geomorfologica
della Pianura Padana**
(Castiglioni et al. 1997)

3 fogli a scala 1:250.000
(Ovest, centro, Est)



Physio-Géo

Géographie, physique, et environnement

Volume 1 | 2007 :

Varia 2007

Articles

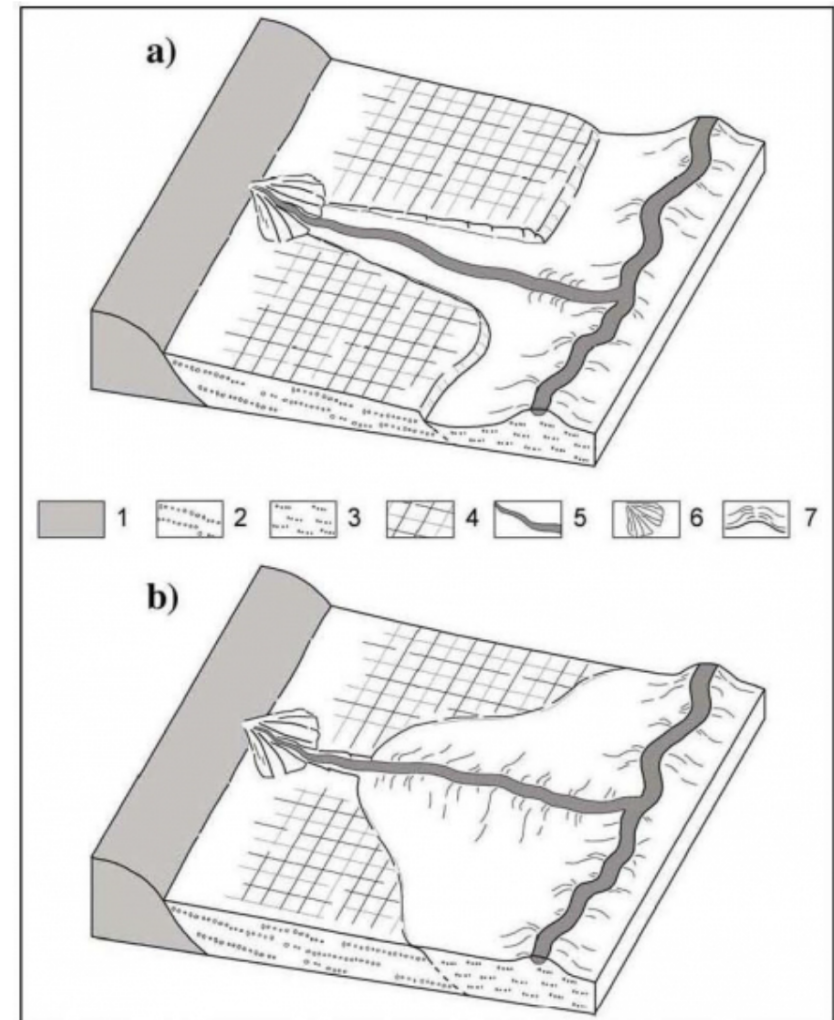
Geo-archaeological aspects of the Modena plain (Northern Italy)

DORIANO CASTALDINI, ANDREA CARDARELLI, MAURIZIO CATTANI, MARIO
PANIZZA ET DANIELA PIACENTINI

p. 33-60



1: paleoriver at the plain level. 2: fluvial ridge. 3: alluvial fan and crevasse splay. 4: area with traces of abandoned braided streams. 5: Depression. 6: centuriation. 7: boundary of Mutina (Modena roman town). 8: Neolithic and Bronze Ages fluvial form. 9: Iron Age fluvial form. 10: Roman fluvial form. 11: Early Middle Ages fluvial form. 12: surface Roman site. 13: surface Early Middle Ages site. 14: buried Roman site. 15: buried Early Middle Ages site.



a: Roman Age, b: present. 1: Apenninic margin. 2: pre-Roman alluvional plain. 3: Roman and post-Roman alluvional plain. 4: Roman centuriation system. 5: River. 6: alluvional fan. 7: fluvial ridge (according to C. GIROUX 2000).

OL' MAN RIVER

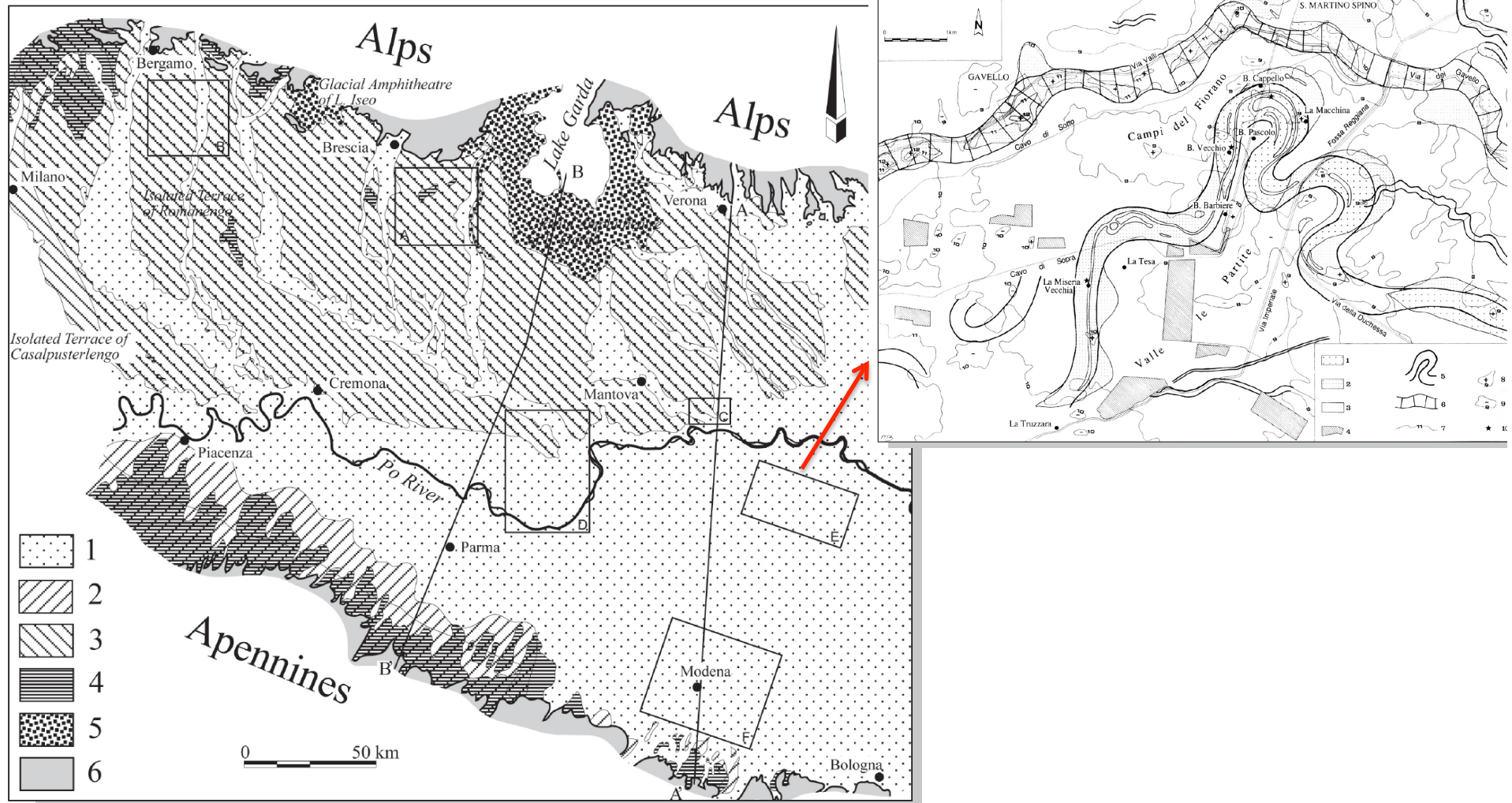
2009

GEO-ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASPECTS OF RIVERS AND RIVER PLAINS (ARGU 5)

MORGAN DE DAPPER, FRANK VERMEULEN, SARAH DEPREZ & DEVI Taelman (EDS.)

**SOME NOTES ON GEOMORPHOLOGICAL AND
ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASPECTS IN THE CENTRAL PO
PLAIN (NORTHERN ITALY)**

D. Castaldini, M. Marchetti & A. Cardarelli



The archaeological remains have revealed that this palaeo-course of the R. Po was already active in the Bronze Age. In the Iron Age the riverbed had become a small watercourse that nonetheless maintained some vitality throughout the Roman period. The moment in which the complete extinction of the channel took place, remains unknown.

*Storia
di Carpi*

**Volume
I**

*La città
e il territorio
dalle origini
al XIV secolo*

Storia di Carpi

Volume primo

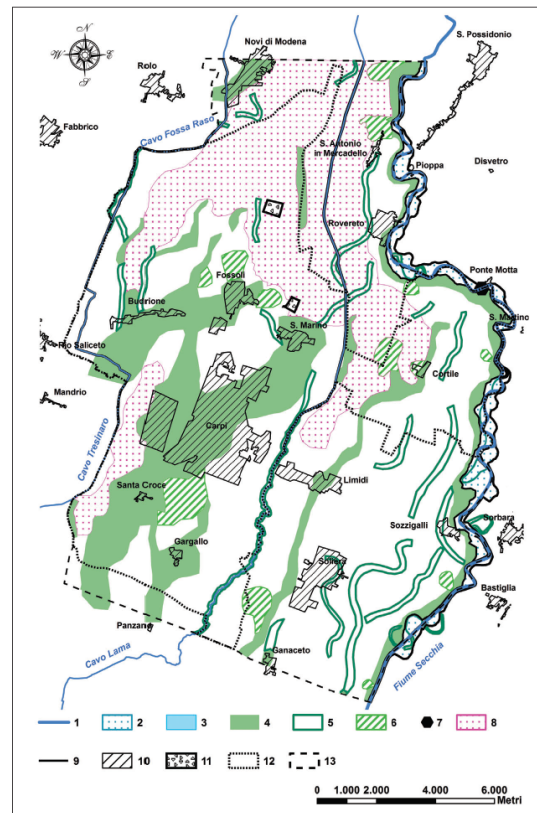
*La città e il territorio
dalle origini al XIV secolo*

a cura di Pier Paolo Bonacini, Anna Maria Ori

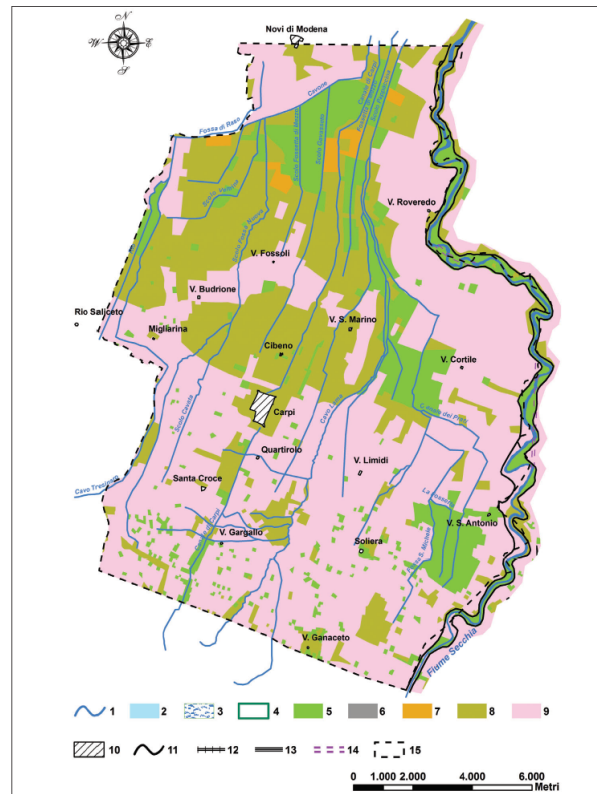
Geomorfologia ed evoluzione del territorio di Carpi
dal XIX secolo all'attuale

Doriano Castaldini e Alessandro Ghinoi

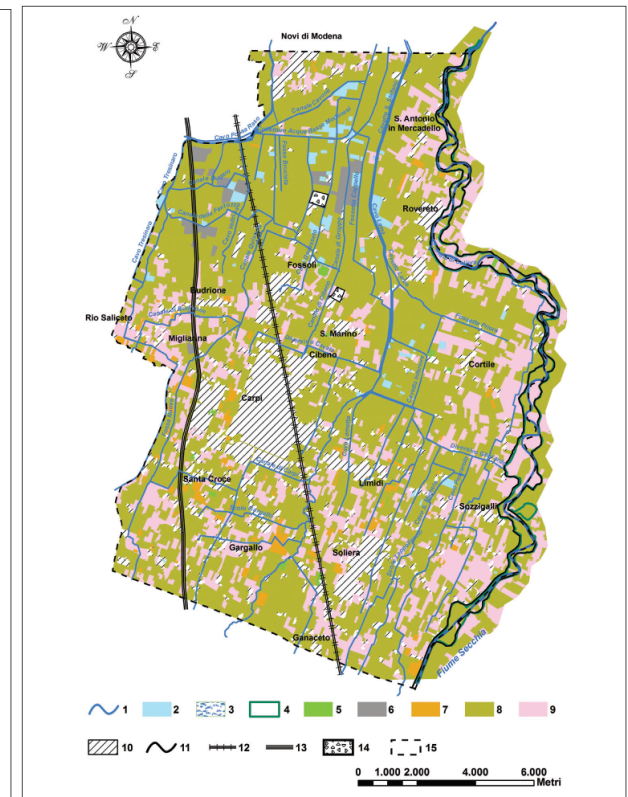
2008



Tav. 7. Carta geomorfologica. Legenda: 1) corso d'acqua principale; 2) area golennale; 3) specchio d'acqua artificiale; 4) dosso fluviale; 5) paleoalveo a livello della pianura; 6) ventaglio di esondazione; 7) sito di principale deviazione fluviale; 8) area altimetricamente depressa ("valle"); 9) argine artificiale; 10) area urbana; 11) discarica di rifiuti solidi urbani; 12) limite dell'area di studio; 13) limite del territorio comunale di Carpi.



Tav. 9. Carta del territorio nella prima metà dell'Ottocento. Legenda: 1) corso d'acqua; 2) specchio d'acqua artificiale; 3) palude, acquitrino; 4) area golennale; 5) prato stabile; 6) risaia; 7) seminativo arborato; 8) seminativo semplice; 9) colture specializzate (vigneti, frutteti, pioppeti); 10) area urbana; 11) argine artificiale; 12) ferrovia; 13) autostrada; 14) progetto di taglio del fiume Secchia; 15) limite dell'area di studio.



Tav. 13. Carta del territorio attuale. Legenda: 1) corso d'acqua; 2) specchio d'acqua artificiale; 3) palude, acquitrino; 4) area golennale; 5) prato stabile; 6) risaia; 7) seminativo arborato; 8) seminativo semplice; 9) colture specializzate (vigneti, frutteti, pioppeti); 10) area urbana; 11) argine artificiale; 12) ferrovia; 13) autostrada; 14) discarica di rifiuti solidi urbani; 15) limite dell'area di studio.



Tav. 14. Carta dell'evoluzione dell'area urbana (residenziale e produttiva) della città di Carpi. Legenda: 1. limite dell'area urbana nel XIX secolo; 2. limite dell'area urbana nella prima metà del XX secolo; 3. limite dell'area urbana nella seconda metà del XX secolo; 4. limite dell'area urbana attuale.

nuata sino ad oggi con un marcato incremento. In particolare, Carpi, che aveva mantenuto l'estensione rinascimentale fino a tutto l'Ottocento e che nella prima metà del Novecento, dopo l'abbattimento delle mura, era cresciuta in misura limitata, a partire dalla seconda metà del XX secolo ha esteso enormemente l'area urbana, passando da 0,5 kmq del 1800 ai 9,5 attuali (Tav. 14). La ferrovia Modena-



AREA EPICENTRALE



Terremoti emiliani

2012

2012 EMILIA EARTHQUAKES

Ground effects induced by the 2012 seismic sequence in Emilia: implications for seismic hazard assessment in the Po Plain

Pio Di Manna^{1,*}, Luca Guerrieri¹, Luigi Piccardi², Eutizio Vittori¹, Dorianò Castaldini³,
Andrea Berlusconi⁴, Livio Bonadeo⁴, Valerio Comerci¹, Francesca Ferrario⁴, Roberto Gambillara⁴,
Franz Livio⁴, Mauro Lucarini¹, Alessandro Maria Michetti⁴

2012 EMILIA EARTHQUAKES

The survey and mapping of sand-boil landforms related to the Emilia 2012 earthquakes: preliminary results

Andrea Ninfo^{1,*}, Davide Zizioli², Claudia Meisina², Dorianò Castaldini³, Francesco Zucca²,
Lucia Luzi⁴, Mattia De Amicis⁵

MACROSEISMIC INVESTIGATION OF THE 2012 PO PLAIN SEQUENCE USING THE ESI2007 SCALE, AND COMPARISON WITH THE MCS SCALE

F. Livio¹, A.M. Michetti¹, P. Di Manna², A. Berlusconi¹, L. Bonadeo¹, D. Castaldini⁴, V. Commerci², F. Ferrario¹, R. Gambillara¹, L. Guerrieri², L. Piccardi³, M. Roncoroni¹, E. Vittori², E. Esposito⁵ and S. Porfido⁵

31° Convegno Nazionale
Atti - Tema 1: Geodinamica

3rd INQUA-IGCP-567 International Workshop on Active Tectonics, Paleoseismology and Archaeoseismology, Morelia, Mexico (2012)



**PALEOSEISMOLOGY &
ARCHAEOSEISMOLOGY**
MORELIA • MEXICO 2012



INQUA-TERPRO PALEOSEISMOLOGY

EARTHQUAKE ARCHAEOLOGY



EARTHQUAKE ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS INDUCED BY THE 2012 SEISMIC SEQUENCE IN EMILIA: IMPLICATIONS FOR SEISMIC HAZARD ASSESSMENT IN NORTHERN ITALY

Guerrieri Luca (1), Vittori Eutizio (1), Di Manna Pio (1), Piccardi Luigi (2), Castaldini Dorianò (3), Berlusconi Andrea (4), Blumetti Anna Maria (1), Commerci Valerio (1), Livio Franz (4), Michetti Alessandro Maria (4)

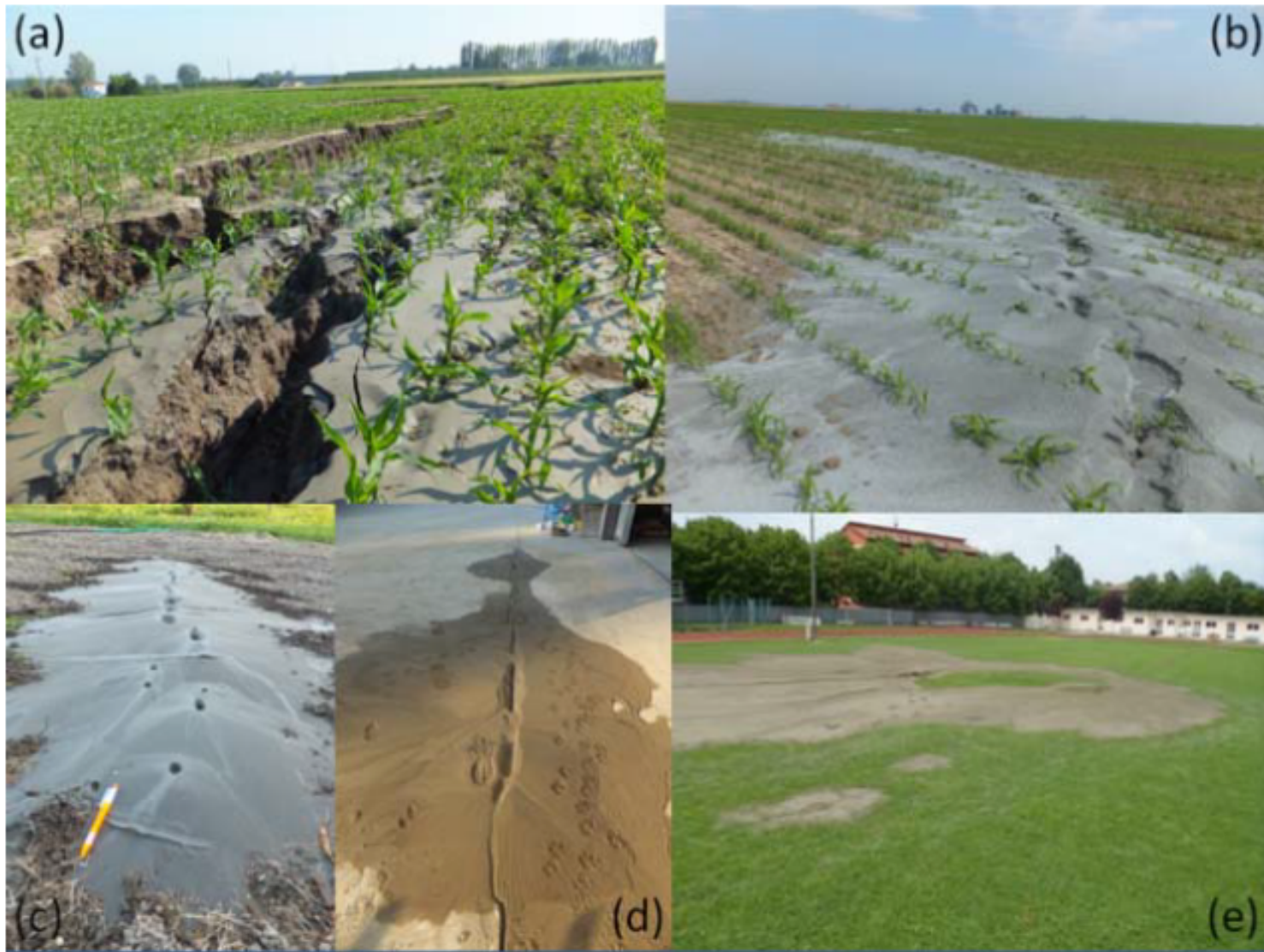


Fig. 5. Ground ruptures and associated liquefaction-type phenomena at San Carlo (a), Scortichino (b), Cavezzo (c, d) and San Felice sul Panaro (e).



Seventh International Conference on Case Histories in Geotechnical Engineering

and Symposium in Honor of Clyde Baker

A REPORT ON THE 2012 SEISMIC SEQUENCE IN EMILIA (NORTHERN ITALY)

Diego C. F. Lo Presti, & Mauro Sassu

University of Pisa, Department of Civil Engineering, Largo Lucio Lazzarino, 1- Pisa, Italy, 56122, Italy, d.lopresti@ing.unipi.it, tel: +39 050 2217742, fax: +39 050 2217762

Lucia Luzi & Francesca Pacor

INGV Sezione di Milano – Pavia, via Bassini 15, 20133 Milano, lucia.luzi@mi.ingv.it, tel. +39 02 23699280, fax +39 02 23699267

Doriano Castaldini & Giovanni Tosatti

University of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Department of Chemical and Geological Sciences, Largo S. Eufemia 19, 41100 Modena, doriano.castaldini@unimore.it, tel. +39 059 2055856, fax +39 059 2055887

Claudia Meisina, Davide Zizioli & Francesco Zucca

University of Pavia, Department of Earth & Environmental Sciences, via Ferrata 1 27100 Pavia, claudia.meisina@unipv.it, tel. +39 0382 985831

Giuliano Rossi

Provincia di Mantova, Progettazione della Viabilità e delle Infrastrutture, Via Principe Amedeo n. 32, Mantova giuliano.rossi@provincia.mantova.it, tel. ++390376 204285

Gilberto Saccorotti & Davide Piccinini

INGV – Sezione di Pisa Via U. della Faggiola, 32 – 56126 PISA (I) tel +39 050 8311960 saccorotti@pi.ingv.it

Giorgio Lollino
Massimo Arattano
Marco Giardino
Ricardo Oliveira
Silvia Peppoloni
Editors



Engineering Geology for Society and Territory – Volume 7

Education, Professional Ethics and
Public Recognition of Engineering Geology



2014

 Springer



Fig. 19.2 a Bubbling water in a field near San Giovanni del Dosso (Mantua Province) on 16th May 2013, b Soil liquefaction in progress

on 29th May 2012 triggered by the M_L 5.8 quake at Moglia di Gonzaga (Mantua Province). Sources a A. Zibordi; b L. Righi



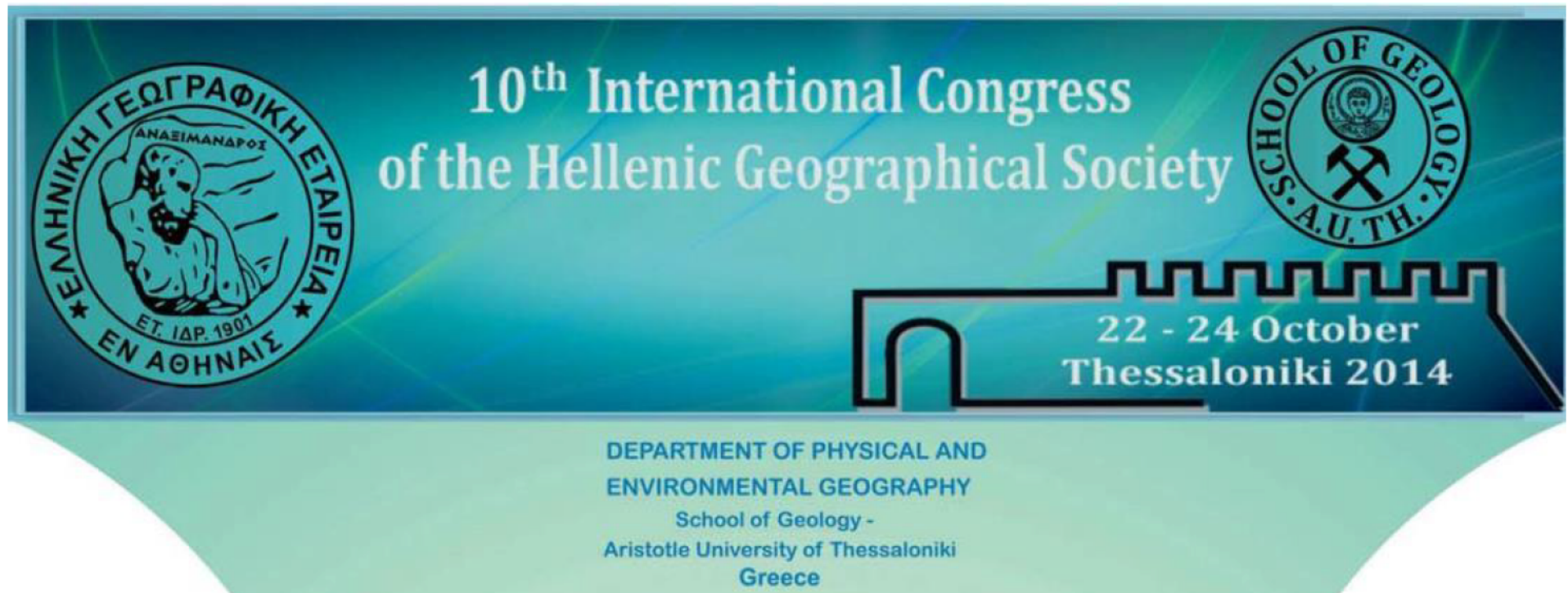
Fig. 19.3 a Ground crack noticed in mid-August 2013 at the outskirts of Ferrara, b ground crack formed by the 20th May 2012 M_L 5.9 quake

across the football pitch of Mirabello (Ferrara Province). Sources a and b D. Castaldini

Rumours Related to the 2012 Emilia Seismic Sequence

19

Milena Bertacchini, Dorian Castaldini and Giovanni Tosatti



The cartography in seismic hazard assessment and communication: the case study of the 2012 Po Plain earthquakes (northern Italy)

Castaldini D.¹, Lanfredi Sofia C.¹

*1. Department of Chemical and Geological Sciences, University of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Italy
doriano.castaldini@unimore.it , cinziasan74@hotmail.com*

VII CONGRESSO NACIONAL DE GEOMORFOLOGIA
GEOMORFOLOGIA 2015



ASSOCIAÇÃO PORTUGUESA DE GEOMORFÓLOGOS
VOLUME IX

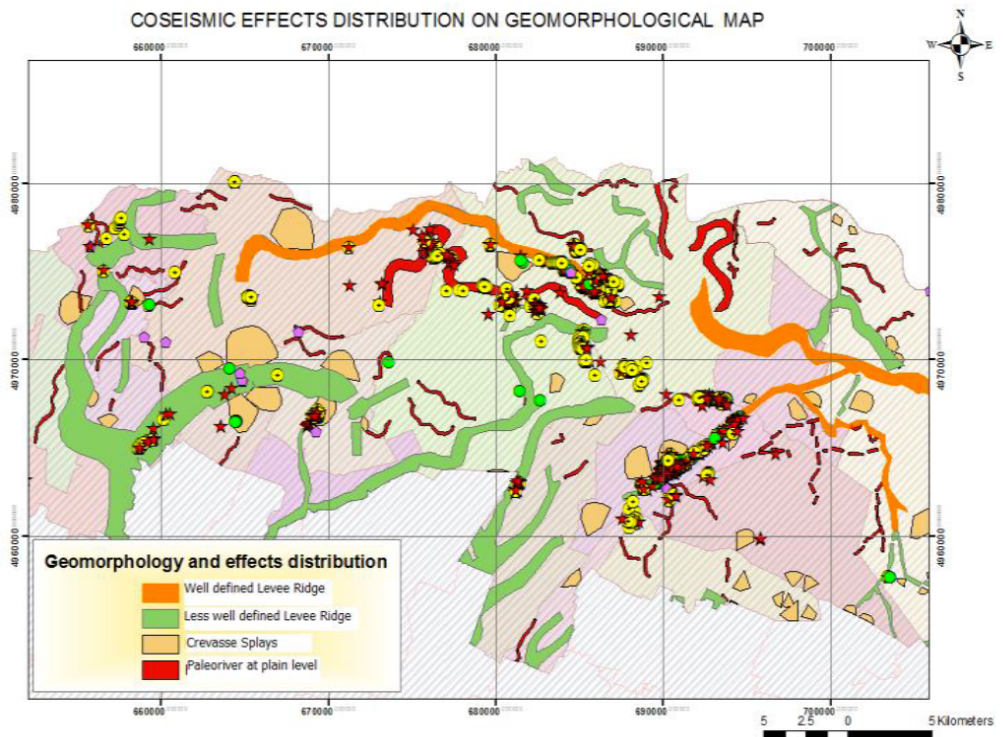
LISBOA
2015

**INVENTORY OF COSEISMIC EFFECTS FOR LOCAL SEISMIC HAZARD
 ASSESSMENT AND COMMUNICATION.
 THE CASE STUDY OF 2012 EMILIA EARTHQUAKES**

**INVENTÁRIO DE EFEITOS CO-SÍSMICOS PARA A AVALIAÇÃO LOCAL DO RISCO
 SÍSMICO LOCAL E COMUNICAÇÃO. O ESTUDO DE CASO DOS SISMOS DE EMILIA
 2012**

*Sofia, Cinzia Lanfredi, Università di Modena e Reggio Emilia, Italy,
 cinziasan74@hotmail.com*

*Castaldini, Dorian, Università di Modena e Reggio Emilia, Italy,
 dorian.castaldini@unimore.it*





UNIMORE
UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI
MODENA E REGGIO EMILIA

UNIMORE E IL TERREMOTO DEL 2012 IN EMILIA-ROMAGNA

Interventi e ricerche per fronteggiare l'emergenza e
sostenere la ripresa

A cura di Dino Giovannini e Loris Vezzali





UNIMORE
UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI
MODENA E REGGIO EMILIA

Dipartimento di Scienze Chimiche
e Geologiche

GRAZIE

PER LA CORTESE ATTENZIONE